Town of Vernon Connecticut



Stormwater Management Plan

2018 Annual Report

April 4, 2019

Table of Contents

Executive Summary	3
Receiving Waters	3
Storm Water Management Plan	3
Control Measure 1: Public Education & Outreach	4
Control Measure 2: Public Participation & Involvement	6
Control Measure 3: Illicit Discharge Detection & Elimination	7
Control Measure 4: Construction Site Runoff Control	9
Control Measure 5: Post-Construction Runoff Control	10
Control Measure 6: Good Housekeeping	12
Monitoring	14
Public Works Report for 2018	16
Appendix A - Hockanum River Outlets Report	17

Executive Summary

This document presents 2018 Annual Report required by the Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) for the Town of Vernon. The SWMP was developed to meet the requirements of the Connecticut Department of Environmental and Energy Protection's (CT DEEP) General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater from Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s). The DEEP developed this general permit for the State of Connecticut to comply with the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) National Pollution Discharge Elimination System's (NPDES) Phase II regulations.

Receiving Waters

The following is a list of the identified receiving water bodies within the Town of Vernon to which identified outfalls discharge.

Shenipsit Lake	Paper Mill Pond	Hockanum River	Ogden Brook
Eckert's Pond	Tankerhoosen River	Talcottville Pond	Dobsonville Pond
Tankerhoosen Lake	Valley Falls Pond	Railroad Brook	Walkers Reservoir West
Gages Brook	Risley Reservoir	Clark's Brook	Walkers Reservoir East
Upper Bolton Lake	Middle Bolton Lake	Lower Bolton Lake	

Stormwater Management Plan

The central focus of the DEEP General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater from MS4s is the Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP). In order for the town to meet the regulations, it has developed an SWMP. Each permittee designs its own SWMP with the goal of reducing the discharge of pollutants from the MS4 to the maximum extent practicable to protect water quality. To meet the "maximum extent practicable" standard, the Town must develop and implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) for the following six minimum control measures:

- Public Education and Outreach
- Public Participation/Involvement
- Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination
- Construction Site Runoff Control
- Post-Construction Stormwater Management
- Good Housekeeping / Pollution Prevention

Control Measure 1: Public Education & Outreach

The Town will "implement a public education program to distribute educational materials to the community or conduct equivalent outreach activities about the impacts of stormwater discharges on water bodies and the steps that the public can take to reduce pollutants in stormwater runoff". Educating the public about the importance of stormwater management can help lead to greater support for and compliance with the Stormwater Management Plan.

1-1 Develop Educational Brochure for public mailing – The Town has developed a brochure that explains nonpoint source pollution, the municipal stormwater management system, and solutions to the pollution. Other potential future topics include a description of the hydrologic cycle, the impacts of increased development, pollutants from developed areas (including lawns) and the impacts to local water bodies from stormwater pollution. The Town will review the content. The brochure will be included in the local publication, the Town newsletter "Vernon Events", made available in the library, town hall, and other public places and posted on the Town website.

Responsible Department: Engineering

Measurable Goal: Brochure will be distributed / published throughout the year. Status to Date: Brochure has been created (see attached) and is being distributed.

1-2 Provide semi-annual educational programs for the Planning & Zoning and Inland Wetland Commissions – Both commissions are encouraged to attend seminars regarding stormwater runoff.

Responsible Department: Engineering

Measurable Goal: Both commissions are encouraged to attend seminars regarding stormwater runoff.

Status to Date: Information is being presented to the members of the Planning & Zoning and Inland Wetland Commission about upcoming seminars as they are offered.

1-3 Train volunteer educators – We are now soliciting volunteers from the school system. Once volunteers are identified, they shall receive training once a year. Each year the training shall be in a different aspect of stormwater management.

Responsible Department: Engineering

Measurable Goal: Information will always be available.

Status to Date: The town is in the process of looking for volunteers and collecting and categorizing the information.

Develop public school curricula – The volunteer educators will develop lesson plans for grades K-5, 6-8, and 9-12.

The Town of Vernon Public Works Dept. has obtained a working model that shows what happens during a rain event. It shows the rain cycle and how stormwater effects erosion and how drainage systems work. This model is presented at the annual "Touch-A-Truck" event.

Responsible Department: Public Works

Measurable Goal: Set up the model on a regular basis and explain how it works.

Status to Date: The town set up the model and explained the effects of stormwater to residents at the "Touch-A-Truck" event.

1-5 Develop Town Stormwater Website – We are now collecting information as well as many links to stormwater related websites, including the Connecticut Departments of Transportation and Environmental Protection, which contain information on stormwater management. Discussion will be included of stormwater management issues. Website updates will be performed annually and this plan will be posted on the web, as well as the annual reports to the DEEP.

Responsible Department: Engineering / Public Works / Data Processing

Measurable Goal: Create Stormwater page for the Town website.

Status to Date: The town has collected much information and links to related websites. The Stormwater page was created in 2015 and will be updated as needed.

1-6 Develop and mail educational brochure for restaurants - The Town has developed a brochure that explains nonpoint source pollution related to restaurants, and solutions to the pollution.

Responsible Department: Engineering

Measurable Goal: Brochure will be distributed and/or published annually.

Status to Date: Brochure has been created and is in the process of being distributed.

1-7 **Develop and mail educational brochure for automotive uses** – The Town has developed a brochure that explains nonpoint source pollution related to the automotive industry, and solutions to the pollution.

Responsible Department: Engineering

Measurable Goal: Brochure will be distributed and/or published annually.

Status to Date: Brochure has been created (see attached) and we are currently seeking ways to

distribute.

Control Measure 2: Public Participation & Involvement

To satisfy the requirements of this measure, the Town has developed a plan for a public participation and involvement program that includes the public in learning about proper stormwater management.

2-1 Develop public involvement/participation program – Over 80 businesses now participate in the Hockanum River Business Partner Program, which encourages local business owners to adopt some simple housekeeping practices designed to reduce pollutants from entering the Hockanum River.

Responsible Department: Engineering / NCCD

Measurable Goal: Encourage businesses to participate in the program.

Status to Date: This program is not in operation at this time.

2-2 Comply with state and local public notice and FOI requirements – Once completed, the town will make available for public review and comment a draft copy of the Stormwater Management Plan for a minimum period of thirty (60) days. Draft copies will be available at the Town Hall and through the Town website.

Responsible Department: Engineering / Data Processing

Measurable Goal: Create and make available the Stormwater Management Plan.

Status to Date: Plan has been posted and annual summaries are also posted as developed.

2-3 Create citizen stormwater public participation panel – The Town of Vernon is in the process of soliciting volunteers for this panel. We have had little response, but will publicize more during the next year.

Responsible Department: Engineering / Administration

Measurable Goal: Create a panel to meet on a regular basis to discuss relevant topics.

Status to Date: No progress at this time.

2-4 Train volunteers to locate outfalls/illicit discharges - The Town of Vernon needs to solicit volunteers for this panel. We have had little response, but will publicize more during the next year.

Responsible Department: Engineering / Administration

Measurable Goal: Create a panel to meet on a regular basis to discuss relevant topics.

Status to Date: No progress at this time.

2-5 Develop drain stenciling program and train volunteers – Members of the Conservation Commission and/or Town employees have been applying decals to catch basins each year. Brochures (see attached) were also given to residents of the streets where the stenciling occurred.

Responsible Department: Public Works Measurable Goal: The goal is 100 per year.

Status to Date: This year, a member of the Public Works Department and volunteers have

stenciled catch basins and distributed brochures.

2-6 Develop clean-up program and train volunteers – For the past few years, a local man has volunteered, not only to help clear and maintain many trails in town but also to coordinate a Hockanum and Tankerhoosen River clean-up on an annual basis.

Responsible Department: Parks and Rec Measurable Goal: Annual clean-up program.

Status to Date: The clean up program has been in place for the last few years.

Control Measure 3: Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination

To satisfy the requirements of this control measure, the Town will map outfalls, create a program to detect and eliminate illicit discharges, and sample and test six outfalls to see if they meet the acceptable requirements.

3-1 **Develop a written IDDE program** – The Town will develop a program to address the elimination of illicit discharges. This program may include follow up visits and action based on unacceptable stormwater testing and public complaints.

Responsible Department: Engineering / Public Works / Planning
Measurable Goal: Develop a program to address the elimination of illicit discharges.
Status to Date: Public Works employees have been trained and instructed to watch all Town roads and drainage systems. Plan scheduled for 2019.

3-2 Develop list and maps of all MS4 stormwater outfalls in urbanized and priority areas – The Town of Vernon has worked with the Tolland County Agricultural Center, who have located all the outfalls along the Hockanum River and plotted them on a map

(see Appendix A). The DPW is working on locating the remainder outfalls through a GPS program.

Responsible Department: Engineering / Public Works

Measurable Goal: Create and maintain a map of stormwater outfalls in urbanized and priority

areas.

Status to Date: All outfalls along the Hockanum River have been plotted on a town map. Approximately half the Town has been mapped through GPS. Completion scheduled for 2019.

3-3 Develop citizen reporting program –

Responsible Department: Engineering / Public Works Measurable Goal: Create protocol to receive input.

Status to Date: No progress at this time. Scheduled for 2020

3-4 Establish legal authority to prohibit illicit discharges – The Illicit discharge ordinance is in the process of being prepared. The ordinance will be presented to the Town Council for their adoption into the Code of Ordinances.

Responsible Department: Administration / Engineering / Planning

Measurable Goal: Prepare ordinance / regulations to prohibit illicit discharges.

Status to Date: No progress at this time. Scheduled for 2019

3-5 Develop record keeping system for IDDE tracking - The Town of Vernon is using GPS software to map stormwater outfalls. The results are being plotted onto a town-wide map. Once the outfalls are mapped, we will start mapping the drainage structures and systems. Illicit discharges will be addressed.

Responsible Department: Public Works / Engineering / GIS

Measurable Goal: Create and maintain a map of town-wide stormwater system.

Status to Date: Currently obtaining outfall information and plotting the results on a town map.

Scheduled for completion in 2019

3-6 Address IDDE in areas with pollutants of concern – Water sampling and testing will be done at areas of concern in accordance with the new regulations.

Responsible Department: Public Works

Measurable Goal: Commence enforcement action as needed to obtain compliance.

Status to Date: Public Works to notify Engineering when report is completed.

Control Measure 4: Construction Site Runoff Control

The Town will develop, implement and enforce a program, or modify an existing program to reduce pollutants in stormwater runoff from a construction site. To comply with this measure, the Town of Vernon only needs to continue enforcing the Planning and Zoning and Inland Wetlands Regulations.

4-1 Review land use regulations to meet requirements of MS4 permit and E&S
Guidelines – The existing Town regulations that cover all approved Wetlands and
Planning & Zoning applications meet the requirements of these regulations.

Responsible Department: Engineering / Planning / Wetlands

Measurable Goal: Review requirements and regulations and amend as needed.

Status to Date: Completed.

4-2 Develop/implement plan for interdepartmental coordination in site plan review and approval – The existing Planning & Zoning and Inland Wetlands Regulations are routinely enforced by Town staff for all approved Wetlands and P & Z applications that are under construction.

Responsible Department: Engineering / Planning / Zoning and Building
Measurable Goal: Staff meets every Wednesday to discuss future and present applications.
Status to Date: Completed.

4-3 Review site plans for stormwater quality concerns – The Engineering and Planning departments are currently reviewing all site plans for stormwater quality concerns.

Responsible Department: Engineering / Planning

Measurable Goal: Review and track qualifying projects. Status to Date: All qualifying projects are being reviewed.

4-4 Conduct site inspections – The Town of Vernon Wetlands Enforcement Officer, or his designee, inspects all construction sites a minimum of once a week. He inspects more often if necessary.

Responsible Department: Engineering

Measurable Goal: Inspect construction sites for compliance.

Status to Date: Wetlands Enforcement Officer inspects all construction a minimum of once a

week.

4-5 Implement procedure to allow public comment on site development – Currently the public has an opportunity to comment on all site development through the Planning & Zoning and Wetlands Commissions.

Responsible Department: Planning / Engineering

Measurable Goal: Develop a plan to receive public comment. Status to Date: Opportunity currently exists at the public hearings.

4-6 Implement procedure to notify developers about DEEP construction stormwater permit – Currently there is no procedure.

Responsible Department: Planning / Zoning / Engineering

Measurable Goal: Develop standard language to direct developers of qualifying projects to CT DEEP.

OLLI.

Status to Date: Currently there is no procedure. Scheduled for implementation in 2020

4-7 Review and develop performance/maintenance bonding – The Town presently requires erosion and sedimentation control bonding for all projects brought before the Planning and Zoning and the Inland Wetland Commissions.

Responsible Department: Engineering / Planning

Measurable Goal: Review and develop performance/maintenance bonding

Status to Date: Bonding procedure is currently in place.

Control Measure 5: Post Construction Stormwater Management

The Town will develop, implement and enforce a program to address stormwater runoff from new development projects that discharge into the municipal stormwater system or directly into waters of the State. To comply with this measure, the Town of Vernon only needs to continue enforcing the Planning and Zoning and Inland Wetlands Regulations.

5-1 Establish and/or update legal authority and guidelines regarding LID and runoff reduction in site development planning – The Town of Vernon Planning and Engineering Departments require any new proposed Site Plans to comply with the Planning and Zoning LID regulation requirements.

Responsible Department: Planning / Engineering

Measurable Goal: Review and amend existing regulations related to Stormwater LID practices. Status to Date: Regulations include LID and runoff requirements. Updating regulations to be completed in 2021.

5-2 Enforce LID/runoff reduction requirements for development and redevelopment projects - The Town of Vernon Planning and Engineering Departments require any new proposed Site Plans to comply with the Planning and Zoning LID regulation requirements.

Responsible Department: Planning / Engineering

Measurable Goal: Incorporate LID review into project reviews.

Status to Date: Currently enforcing requirements of DEEP and P & Z.

5-3 Implement long-term maintenance plan for stormwater basins and treatment structures - The Town is in the process of preparing stormwater management regulations which will enforce the plan. Post-construction will be addressed in a section of these regulations.

Responsible Department: Public Works / Engineering

Measurable Goal: Inventory existing stormwater basins/treatment structures. Develop Priority

Schedule for corrective action/maintenance.

Status to Date: Currently taking inventory of stormwater basins. Scheduled for 2021

DCIA mapping – The Town of Vernon has recently added an impervious area information layer to our GIS system.

Responsible Department: Engineering / Planning / Public Works

Measurable Goal: Map DCIA as mandated.

Status to Date: Impervious area information has been added to GIS system.

5-5 Address post construction issues in areas with pollutants of concern – Develop a program to address this issue.

Responsible Department: Engineering / Public Works

Measurable Goal: Develop priority schedule for corrective action/maintenance.

Status to Date: Currently there is no activity scheduled for 2019.

5-6 Develop a program to encourage riparian buffering – Riparian buffers will be the focus on future brochures to be distributed to the public. The Town is compiling information to use for that brochure.

Responsible Department: Engineering

Measurable Goal: Develop a program to encourage riparian buffering.

Status to Date: The Town is currently collecting and compiling the information.

Control Measure 6: Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping

The Town will develop and implement programs to help ensure Good Housekeeping and the prevention of pollution.

6-1 Develop/Implement formal employee training program – A training program for municipal employees has been implemented and is being updated with continued training.

Responsible Department: Public Works, Parks

Measurable Goal: Update existing program as needed to reflect new regulations.

Status to Date: On-going.

6-2 Implement MS4 property and operations maintenance – The Town of Vernon Public Works and Parks & Rec. departments will continue to implement property maintenance practices consistent with the 2017 Stormwater Management Plan on Town Owned Properties.

Responsible Department: Public Works, Parks Measurable Goal: Continue existing program.

Status to Date: On-going.

6-3 Implement coordination with interconnected MS4s. – The Town of Vernon will contact surrounding MS4's to coordinate information.

Responsible Department: Engineering, Public Works, State of CT

Measurable Goal: Inventory interconnected systems. Status to Date: Nothing at this time. Scheduled for 2020

Develop / implement program to control other sources of pollutants to the MS4 – A program will be developed to analyze the sampling results.

Responsible Department: Public Works, Engineering

Measurable Goal: Evaluate sampling results to determine if amendments needed for current

program.

Status to Date: Nothing at this time. Scheduled for 2020

Evaluate additional measures for discharges to impaired waters – Review additional information for the potential need for amendments to the SWMP.

Responsible Department: Engineering

Measurable Goal: Monitor sampling, staff and citizen inputs to determine if amendments to SWMP are warranted.

Status to Date: Nothing at this time. Scheduled for 2020

6-6 Track projects that disconnect DCIA – Review projects that have the potential to disconnect the DCIA.

Responsible Department: Engineering / Planning

Measurable Goal: Develop tracking system to monitor projects that disconnect existing DCIA.

Status to Date: Nothing at this time. Scheduled for 2021

6-7 Develop / implement infrastructure repair / rehab program – The Town of Vernon Public Works Dept. has recently developed a program to locate and inspect drainage structures.

Responsible Department: Public Works

Measurable Goal: Develop a priority list of rehab projects.

Status to Date: Program has been developed. In addition, road reconstruction resulted in new drainage systems for some roads.

6-8 Develop / implement plan to identify / prioritize retrofit projects — The responsible departments will review any projects that may be used as retrofit projects.

Responsible Department: Engineering, Public Works, Administration

Measurable Goal: Develop a list of possible retrofit projects.

Status to Date: Nothing at this time. Scheduled for 2020

6-9 Develop / implement street sweeping program – A street sweeping program is currently in place.

Responsible Department: Public Works

Measurable Goal: Evaluate existing program and amend as needed.

Status to Date: Public Works Dept. swept 224 streets this year and collected 142.5 cubic yards of material.

6-10 Develop / implement catch basin cleaning program a program - The Public Works Department currently has a program of cleaning and evaluating all catch basins. Public Works has submitted a report stating the amount of catch basins that were cleaned and/or repaired.

Responsible Department: Public Works

Measurable Goal: Evaluate existing program and amend as needed.

Status to Date: 350 basins were cleaned and approximately 230 were repaired or rebuilt.

6-11 Develop / implement snow management practices – The Public Works Department currently has a program for snow management.

Responsible Department: Public Works / Parks

Measurable Goal: Evaluate existing program and amend as needed.

Status to Date: Public Works has included updated information in their yearly report.

6-12 Develop program for recycling household hazardous wastes - The Town of Vernon has a program for recycling household hazardous waste. This program is part of the Capitol Region East Operation Committee and serves several area towns. The current information is included in the Public Works Annual Report.

Responsible Department: Public Works

Measurable Goal: Continue plan for recycling household hazardous wastes.

Status to Date: Six separate dates were made available in 2018 for the public to recycle their

household hazardous wastes (reference Public Works Annual Report).

Monitoring

S-1 Outfall screening – Test the water quality at stormwater outfalls. In the past, six outlets have been tested per year. Reference the attached results.

Responsible Department: Public Works, Consultant Services

Measurable Goal: Start to test all outlets.

Status to Date: No samples were taken in 2018 due to the process of making revisions to the new permit. Reference the Public Works Annual Report. Sampling will continue in the upcoming year.

S-2 Inventory and mapping of discharges to impaired waters – Inventory and map all discharges to impaired waters.

Responsible Department: Public Works, Engineering, GIS

Measurable Goal: Start to identify and map all outlets.

Status to Date: Public Works has started to identify all outlets.

S-3 Follow-up investigations of drainage areas – Investigate the drainage areas of impaired waters.

Responsible Department: Engineering

Measurable Goal: Include all outfalls in mapping.

Status to Date: Nothing at this time. Scheduled for 2020

S-4 Annual monitoring of priority outfalls – Annual test the outfalls that are directly connected to the impaired waters.

Responsible Department: DPW, Consultant Services Measurable Goal: Outfalls sampling as required.

Status to Date: Ongoing.



TOWN OF VERNON

375 HARTFORD TURNPIKE, VERNON, CT 06066 Tel: (860) 870-3500 Fax: (860) 870-3505

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

TO: Craig Perry, Inland/Wetland Enforcement Officer, Town of Vernon Engineering

FROM: Jeff Schambach, Road Foreman

DATE: March 8, 2019

SUBJECT: STORM WATER MS4 2018 ANNUAL REPORT

This is the information that the Town of Vernon Department of Public Works is responsible for implementing or annually attending to according to the Best Management Practice List and required on the 2018 Annual Report.

The Town of Vernon has a program for recycling household hazardous waste. This program is part of the Capitol Region East Operation Committee and serves several area towns. Household hazardous waste was collected on six(6) separate dates; April 7, May 5, June 2, August 25, September 29, and October 27 at the Olcott Street facility in Manchester. A collection was also held on October 13 in Stafford. 2018 proved to be very successful with 361 residents that utilized this service. This was an impressive 148% increase over last year.

Water testing at the six outfall locations was placed on hold for this past year due to the process of making revisions to the new permit. In conjunction with the Town of Vernon Engineering Department, the Town of Vernon Department of Public Works will begin the process of selecting areas that discharge to impaired waters, and then select appropriate basins within those areas to begin sampling for the new permit in the upcoming year.

On September 15, 2018 the Town of Vernon Department of Public Works Department hosted a Shred Event and Touch-A-Truck open house. During this event a Storm Water outreach model was displayed. This model showed the public how rain water flow is shed across the land to brooks and ponds and also how the rain is collected on the street through catch basins and deposited through pipes to outfalls and into bodies of water. There were over 500 people in attendance at this event.

The yearly street sweeping program included 224 streets being swept with a collection of 142.5 cubic yards of material. As part of the continued road bond work, approximately 27 streets were rebuilt and or resurfaced thus not included in the sweeping program. The Town of Vernon Department of Public Works is continuing the use of different anti-icing products and the eliminated use of sand used for winter operations, except for emergency use or severe ice conditions. Note that no sand was used for the calendar year 2018.

The Rockville Downtown and surrounding areas are evaluated and swept several times a year.

The Town of Vernon Department of Public Works continues with the inspection and recording program to clean and evaluate storm water structures. Under this program, each basin is inspected for construction type, basin condition, repairs needed, sump and sump depth, type of water flow, sediment build up depth, and inspection for illicit discharge or improper disposal of waste. During 2018, approximately 350 catch basins were cleaned and inspected with 133.49 tons of sediment collected and disposed of. Approximately 230 basins on approximately 27 roads received repairs, replacements tops, or rebuilds and cleaning as part of our six-year Road Bond package.

C: David Smith, Town Engineer Robert Kleinhans, Director of Public Works

\jschambach\stormwaterII\cperryannualreport18

APPENDIX A

HOCKANUM RIVER OUTLETS REPORT

Summary Report NCCD NPS Management Project 08-04b Task 1.c Conceptual Stormwater Retrofit Design Narrative

As outlined in the Scope of Work in the North Central Conservation District NPS Management contract 08-04b, outfalls in the town of Vernon were evaluated and prioritized for repair, retrofit or upgrade in accordance with the MS4 General Permit's Minimum Control Measure Item 6, which requires development and implementation of a program to evaluate conveyances, structures, and outfalls for repair and retrofit. Discharges were categorized into low, moderate, and high priority based on several factors including: the expected pollutant load, the condition of the infrastructure, sedimentation and/or erosion, fish passage, the relative value of the receiving wetland or waterbody as a resource, and the extent of its degradation. In total, district staff identified six moderate priority discharges and five high priority discharges.

A number of the outfalls, especially those in the vicinity of Tri-City Plaza, receive drainage from both private and public drainage systems. In some cases, more extensive mapping of the collection area is required to determine the precise location of all contributing catch basins. In addition, four of the high priority discharges are not shown on the stormwater system maps provided by the Vernon Engineering Department. The outfalls were identified by staff during trackdown surveys along the main stem of the river and are located on private property. Collaboration with business owners will be necessary to pursue retrofitting projects.

For two of the high priority discharges (VR041, and VR051), the District recommends additional characterization of the pollutant load with water quality testing. There are several reasons for this, including: the size of the outlet pipe and high level of imperviousness of the associated drainage basin make it likely that the discharge carries a significant pollutant load, the surrounding landscape may allow for advanced treatment methods (treatment wetlands, ponds etc.) to be used, the cost of advanced treatment methods requires that the benefits of such a system are warranted based on the extent of pollution.

Moderate Priority

Outfalls rated as a moderate priority had one or two issues with erosion, sedimentation, trash, or failing infrastructure. These outfalls were clustered around one of two areas: Paper Mill Pond and an area along the main stem of the Hockanum River in Rockville, adjacent to River Street. Individual outfalls may not have exhibited conditions to warrant a retrofit, however the combined impact of several discharges to the receiving water warranted the moderate priority rating.

Paper Mill Pond

Paper Mill Pond is a body of water west of Shenipsit Lake, the headwaters of the Hockanum River. The pond is just over 9 acres and has eight stormwater discharges that

empty into it. Three of these discharges, VR002, VR004, and VR005, were identified as moderate priorities due to sedimentation. All three outfalls discharge a significant amount of road sediment, creating large deltas that extend 10 to 15 feet into the pond. In addition, VR004 and 005 have infrastructure issues: the pipe at VR004 is degraded and buried, and VR005 is submerged below the level of the pond and stormwater is unable to discharge properly. VR001, one of the high priority outfalls, also discharges into Paper Mill Pond and also has a large sediment delta.

Collectively, all of the discharges into Paper Mill Pond represent a significant sediment load. The accumulated sediment degrades the habitat value of the pond, and reduces recreational and aesthetic value. In addition, during large storm events, the sediment deposits may be re-suspended and transported downstream. Recommended remediation measures include sediment removal, outfall protection, and sediment control measures. In addition, in the Watershed Report, load reductions are provided for replacing the existing catch basins with deep sumps and installing a hydrodynamic separator.

River Street

River Street in Rockville has three outfalls within 300 feet of each other that are rated as moderate priorities for retrofit. Two of these, VR019 and VR021, are attached to catch basins that do not contain a sediment-trapping sump, so sand is allowed to run through the basin and directly into the river. This, in addition to River Street's location at the bottom of a large hill, contributes a large amount of runoff and road sediment to the Hockanum River. Erosion is also a problem at these two outfalls and VR017, an outfall 100 feet upstream. All three pipes discharge into the river several feet above its normal water level, causing bank erosion. The river bends as it flows underneath River Street, and this, in conjunction with a log obstruction, causes pooling and settling of a large amount of sediment. This sediment deposit may be re-suspended during large storm events and transported downstream.

The three outfalls are contributing a large amount of both road and bank sediment to this stretch of the Hockanum River. It is recommended that the two outdated outfalls, VR019 and VR021, be updated with modern catch basins with sediment sumps to intercept winter road sand being applied to River Street and the areas up the hill from the river. Additional water quality improvements may be obtained by installing a hydrodynamic separator. In the Watershed Report, load reductions are provided for replacing the existing catch basins with deep sumps and installing a hydrodynamic separator. Additional sediment contributions can be limited by lining the area where all three pipes discharge with rip rap to minimize bank erosion.

High Priority

VR001 - Cometery Road

The outfall carries water from an intermittent stream through a culvert underneath Cemetery Road. Two catch basins in the road above the culvert take drainage and discharge through a small (8") pipe, located above a 40"culvert. Both pipes discharge onto a concrete splash pad which is cracked and undercut from soil erosion. The discharge then falls 12-15 feet down an unconsolidated rock and rip rap drop into the croded bed of the stream. Both the bed and the banks of the stream are severely eroded and have slopes 10-15 feet from the bed to the top-of-slope. The stream extends approximately 200 feet down a gradual slope where it empties into Paper Mill Pond. The bed of the stream is subject to active erosion and there is an observable sediment load within the stream. At the confluence with the pond, there is a sediment delta extending 30 feet into the pond. The delta is partially vegetated, indicating that it has been there for some time.

Due to the extent and nature of erosion, remediation would involve complete reconstruction of the outfall and outlet stream. This would require raising the elevation of the streambed and rip-rapping the entire length of stream. Rip rap may also be used to create a sediment forebay ten to twenty feet past the base of the outfall. However, instream erosion appears to be the main source of sedimentation.

VR035 - Countrywood at Vernon Apartments

The outfall takes drainage from several parking lots in the Countrywood at Vernon Apartments complex on Talcottville Road. The pipe (~20") is obscured by sediment. The ditch leading from the pipe to the river has become completely clogged with sediment, the material reaching a depth of up to 2 feet. Water from the pipe does not have enough velocity to scour the ditch. A large amount of the sediment has entered the Hockanum River channel from the ditch, degrading water quality.

Remediation would involve sediment removal and installation of sediment storage B.M.P.'s. Further investigation is necessary to determine where the sediment originates. If the source of the sediment is found to be from winter sand applications in the adjacent parking lots, a hydrodynamic separator may useful in minimizing the amount of sand discharged into the river. Another approach may be to modify the existing stream channel to include a sediment forebay which would trap some, if not all, of the sediment discharged from the pipe. The structure would require regular maintenance to remove trapped sediment. Load reductions are calculated for both measures in the Watershed Report.

This outfall has been deemed a high priority due to the significant pollution load and direct discharge into the river.

VR036 – Behind Staples in Tri-City Plaza

The outfall takes discharge from a large area of impermeable pavement in Vernon Center. Measuring 54", the concrete pipe discharges onto a concrete splash pad and then over an 8" drop and into a rip-rap lined plunge pool. It appears that the area surrounding the discharge was originally constructed as a basin to detain flow. However, there is no longer a berm at the downstream end of the basin, so flows pass without obstruction into

an outlet channel. The area just downstream of the pipe is moderately eroded. There is a large wetland further downstream of the outlet. Sediments and trash are widespread throughout the wetland.

The wetland is formed in part by a large berm (possibly a former road) that separates it from the river. The outlet stream flows through what appears to be an eroded breach in the berm.

Recommended remedial measures would include reconstruction of the plunge pool and rip-rap stabilization of the outlet channel. Since all sediment sources have not been identified, further investigation is required before other corrective action is recommended. Erosion of the outlet channel may account for observed sediments in the wetland, or there may be a significant load in the discharge. Additional discussion regarding recommendations for future action is found in the introduction.

This outfall has been deemed a high priority due to the observable sediment and floatables within the wetland downstream of the outfall, the expected pollutant load of the discharge, and infrastructure instability. It is presumed that this outfall is privately owned as it does not appear on the Vernon Engineering Department's stormwater maps.

VR041 - Behind Tri-City Plaza

The outfall takes discharge from the majority of Tri-City Plaza's parking lots. The pipe is approximately 36" and, upon inspection, was discharging water with no recent rainfall. There is a damaged trash rack over the end of the pipe. Water flows into a shallow plunge pool with large sediment deposits directly opposite the discharge. The banks of the pool are covered with iron bacteria. Standing water in the pool has a bluish-green hue. Algae and/or bacteria cover the rock in pool, indicating nutrient enrichment. In addition, an oil-like sheen was observed on the surface of the pool, most highly concentrated toward the banks. The pool discharges into a small outlet stream which flows 30 feet before emptying into the Hockanum River.

This outfall has been deemed a high priority due to water quality concerns and degradation of the Hockanum River. It is presumed that this outfall and the piping associated with it are privately owned as it does not appear on the Vernon Engineering Department's stormwater maps. The District recommends additional water quality sampling in order to determine possible future remedial action. The discharge is adjacent to a large (probably man-made) wetland that may be suitable for water quality treatment. Due to the extent of alterations that this would require, the District recommends further investigation.

VR052 - Commercial Lot, Talcottville Rd.

The outfall is located in the northwest corner of an oversized parking lot. The lot slopes down to the outfall area, transporting large amounts of runoff during storm events. Bordering the northwest side of the lot is a steep slope of twenty to thirty feet. Erosion of

the slope has caused a failure of the parking lot and catch basin. The parking lot pavement has cracked and the underlying fill is unstable. With the curb gone, runoff flows down the slope causing erosion and undercutting the pavement, resulting in further failure. The catch basin is no longer effective and the pipe to the discharge has become disconnected. The area is full of trash, brush, sediment and debris. The slope is actively eroding and will continue to degrade the parking lot with every major rainstorm. Runoff from the parking lot now flow uninterrupted down the slope of the parking, carrying large amounts of sediment. It then intercepts a small stream and enters the Hockanum.

Considering the severity of the failure and the active erosion, the District recommends a complete infrastructure reconstruction for the corner of the parking lot. This outfall has been rated as a high priority due to water quality concerns and active erosion on the parking lot slope. It is presumed that this outfall and the pipes associated with it are privately owned as they do not appear on the Vernon Engineering Department's stormwater maps.

Selective Update to NCCD Summary Report

NCCD NPS Management Project 08-04b

Between 2009-2010, the North Central Conservation District (NCCD) evaluated stormwater outfalls that discharged to the main-stem Hockanum River, and prioritized them for repair, retrofit or upgrade in accordance with the MS4 General Permit's Minimum Control Measure Item 6, which requires development and implementation of a program to evaluate conveyances, structures, and outfalls for repair and retrofit. Discharges were categorized into low, moderate, and high priority based on several factors including: the expected pollutant load, the condition of the infrastructure, sedimentation and/or erosion, fish passage, the relative value of the receiving wetland or waterbody as a resource, and the extent of its degradation. In total, district staff identified six moderate priority discharges and five high priority discharges.

In 2015, NCCD was asked by the Town of Vernon to reevaluate two of the high priority stormwater outfall locations, at which improvements had been made since the original evaluation. In both cases, it was evident that infrastructure improvements had been made, significant enough to downgrade the level of priority at both locations, although further work was warranted to provide additional improvement in both areas. Below are updated descriptions for each site.

VR001 – Cemetery Avenue

The outfall carries water from an intermittent stream through a culvert underneath Cemetery Avenue. Two catch basins in the road above the culvert take drainage and discharge through a small (8") pipe, located above a 40"culvert. Both pipes discharge onto a concrete splash pad. Upon original inspection in 2009, a concrete extension of the main flared outlet was cracked and undercut from soil erosion, below which was a 12-15 foot drop down an unconsolidated rock and rip rap gully into the eroded bed of the stream. Both the bed and the banks of the stream were severely eroded, with slopes of 10-15 feet vertically from the bed to the top-of-slope. The stream extended approximately 200 feet down a gradual slope where it empties into Paper Mill Pond. The bed of the stream was subject to active erosion, causing an observable sediment load within the stream.

NCCD revisited the site in October 2010 after learning that the Town of Vernon had made improvements to the site. The cracked splash pad had been removed, and very large rip rap had been used to stabilize the area surrounding the culvert and outfall and to elevate the base of the previously eroded gully to the level of the culvert. The large rip rap was used to armor a segment of the stream bed following the culvert, and tapered off to the level of the existing stream bed, at a more stable portion of the stream. At that time, conditions appeared relatively stable, and sediment load within the stream bed appeared to be reduced.

NCCD again revisited the site in June of 2015 in preparation for this update. Conditions immediately surrounding the culvert and outfall were relatively stable, as they appeared after corrective measures were taken in 2010. A new erosion issue had developed, however, immediately downstream of the large rip-rap on the western side of the stream bank. This active erosion of the stream bank is significant in size, and is contributing a large volume of sediment to the stream, and to Paper Mill Pond. The increased sedimentation is evident in the downstream bed. The erosion appears to begin at the approximate end of the large rip-rap that was deposited. Appended photos provide greater clarity.

Rip-rap or other stream bank stabilization practice should extend further through the gully to stabilize the remaining steep banks of this stream leading to Paper Mill Pond.

Note: The rip rap was extended to the Paper Mill Pond by the Town Of Vernon Public Works Department in 2016, at this location. CP TOV

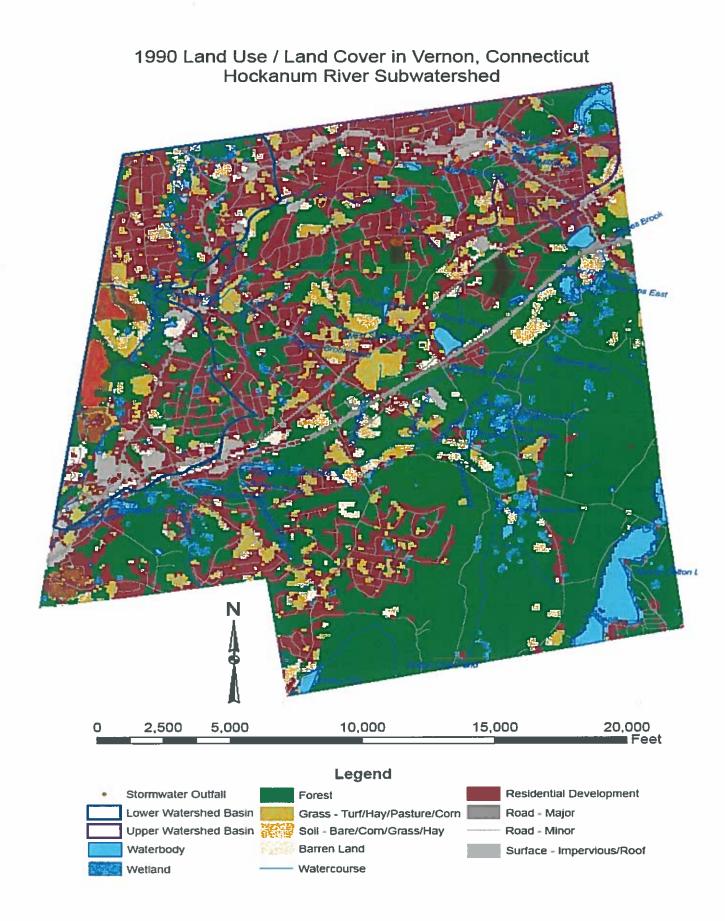
VR052 – Commercial Lot, Talcottville Rd.

The outfall is located in the northwest corner of an oversized parking lot. Upon initial inspection in January of 2010, the lot was observed to slope down toward the corner of the lot, conveying large amounts of stormwater runoff toward this corner during storm events. Bordering the northwest side of the lot was a steep slope, approximately twenty to thirty feet in height. Erosion of the slope had caused a failure of the parking lot and catch basin. The parking lot pavement was cracked and the underlying fill was unstable. With the curb gone, runoff flowed down the embankment, causing erosion and undercutting the pavement, resulting in further failure. The catch basin was no longer effective and the pipe to the discharge had become disconnected. The area was full of trash, brush, sediment and debris. The slope was actively eroding, and the parking lot deteriorating with every major rainstorm. Runoff from the parking lot flowed uninterrupted down the slope of the parking, carrying large amounts of sediment. It then joins a small stream before entering the Hockanum River.

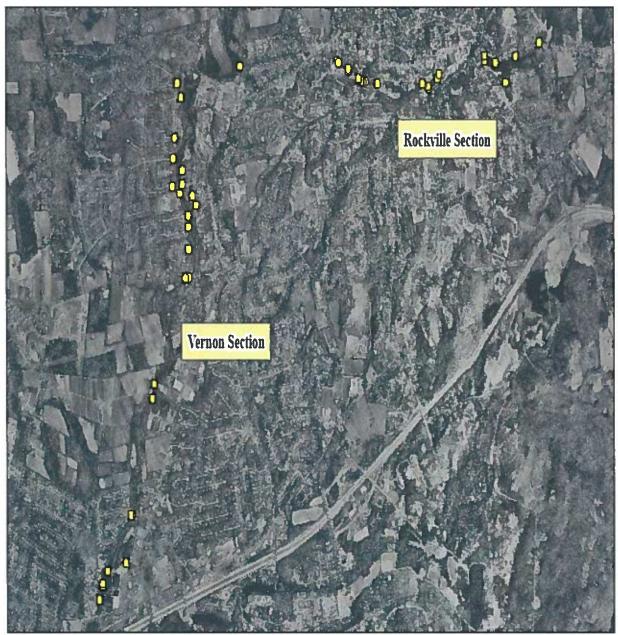
Upon re-inspection in April 2015, initiated by a proposed redevelopment within the adjacent parcel, NCCD staff observed some improvements to the site, yet noted room for further improvement. The edge of the parking lot appeared to have been improved structurally, with the discontinued catch basin removed, although pieces of asphalt pavement beyond the limit of the parking lot were visible. NCCD staff viewed the site from the parking lot, and did not enter the stream corridor. In addition, NCCD staff attempted to visit the site again in June of 2015, but dense vegetation precluded a follow-up visit. Based on our visual assessment in April of 2015, stormwater appears to overtop the curbed parking lot, and erodes down the embankment, creating a rill with more deeply eroded inclusions, discharging to the stream below. A significant amount of garbage and debris was present within the embankment as well. Stormwater management continues to be of concern at this site. While the former catch basin was completely undermined and ineffective, some form of stormwater management is needed. A new catch basin and carefully designed discharge point, or other stormwater management practice, may be necessary to reduce the erosion being caused by untreated and unmanaged stormwater running off the corner of this lot.

Note: The eroded embankment at this location has been repaired by the Town Of Vernon Public Works Department in 2015 and again in 2017. When the catch basin in the corner of the parking lot gets plugged with debris, the storm water jumps the curb and erodes the bank. CP TOV

Note: This outfall was removed due to new construction within the old parking lot area. CP TOV



Vernon Hockanum River Stormwater Outfall Locations



1/4/2010 North Central Conservation District

OUTLET INFORMATION ALONG THE HOCKANUM RIVER

Priority	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Moderate	Moderate
Feasibility	High	High	High	High	High
Access	Moderate	Low	Moderate	High	Moderate
Retrofit / BMP	Bank stabilization	Sump or Hydrodynamic separator	Catch basin maintenance	Sump or Hydrodynamic separator	Sump or Hydrodynamic separator
Resource	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
issues / Concerns	Erosion from outfall and attached culvert. Large sediment delta extending well into the pond. Bank slopes of "stream" steep and erodible.	Large sediment delta extending into PMP, Presumed road sediment.	Large sediment delta extending into PMP, Presumed road sediment. May take runoff from Amerbelle parking lot into two CB's down hill	Large sediment delta extending into PMP. Pipe blocked by tree and other vegetation.	Sediment delta extending into PMP, which is extremely shallow in this area (-2' deep)
Infrastructure Comments	Concrete flared end	PVC pipe for 8', then concrete. Outfall integrated into bridge structure. Rip rap functional	Steep drop after outfall, protected by functional rip rap. Integrated into concrete retaining wall	Pipe deteriorating, rebar exposed. Blocked by vegetation.	Pipe is submerged ~4" below water level. Only top half of pipe is open for flow. Iron leaching bacteria in oullet stream. Pipe discharging without recent rain.
Condition	Fair	Fair	Fair	Poor	Unknown
Pipe Material	PVC	PVC	Conc.	Conc.	Conc.
(in)	œ	22	-22	Unkno	-22
GPS W	72.4388	72.4421	72.4421	72.4404	72.4373
GPS N	41.8649	41.8666	41.8669	41.8664	41.8669
Nearest Street	Cemetery Ave	Grove St.	Grove St.	East Main St.	East Main St.
#0	VR001	VR002	VR003	VR004	VR005

				Þ
Pow	Low	Low	Low	Priority
E E	Low	Low	Low	Feasibility
eg H	Low	Гом	Low	Access
Regular maintenan ce		Construct	N/A	Retrofit / BMP
S.	Yes	N	Yes	Resource Degradation
Detention pool is full of sediment, requires removal and regular maintenance. Otherwise, structure working perfectly	Pipe is precariously supported by retaining wall of culvert. Discharges water from 20' above stream level	Runoff cascading down the hill as well as water from pipe may further erode soil from around mouth of pipe.	Small amount of sediment downstream. Entire area is fenced off and inaccessible.	Issues / Concerns
Flared pipe. Long riprap swale with built-in detention pool appx. 60 feet down slope.	Pipe protrudes from adjoining parking lot, where gutter pipe is submerged. Most likely roof runoff.	Pipe juts out of side of bank, 40° down and 5° above stream. Extender no longer attached and has been fitted with rudimentary cap, most likely purposely discontinued. Rip rap, natural or manmade, protecting outlet.	integrated into concrete retaining wall / culvert structure. Outlet has a built-in trash rack with chicken wire inlay. Both racks empty.	Infrastructure Comments
Excellent	Excellent	Fair	Excellent	Condition
Conc.	Conc.	Conc.	Conc.	Pipe Material
16	-10	-20	-15	(in)
72.4508	72.4492	72.4494	72.4337	GPS W
41.8645	41.8656	41.8652	41.8679	GPSN
Brooklyn St.	West Main St.	West Main St.	East Main St.	Nearest Street
VR009	VR008	VR007	VR006	#0

Priority	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low
Feasibility	High	High	£g#	Hgb	E E	High
Access	High	High	High	High	High	High
Retrofit / BMP	Outlet protection	N/A			Sediment maintenan ce; will most likely solve itself after constructio n ceases	Outlet protection
Resource Degradation	8	S	N _O	Š	S S	No
Issues / Concerns	No outlet protection	No real problems; rip rap functional, sediment at mouth appears to be bed sediment.	Tunnel: brick lined, appears to be discharging ground water. Requires revisit. See EXCEL sheet for more information.	Barbed wire prevents access. Seen from across river. Requires revisit. See EXCEL for more information	Outfall is downstream from active construction. Only associated CB is in dirt parking lot surrounded by E&S hay bales. About 2" of sediment line the mouth of the pipe. Rip rap appears functional in catching sediment before Hock.	No outlet protection. Requires rip rap. Some sediment along swale and at river bank.
Infrastructure Comments	Integrated into bridge structure. Flowing with no rain in 4-5 days. Discharges 15' directly into Hockanum	Plastic pipe flare attached to corrugated pipe. Rip rap swale leading to Hockanum. Appears to be a completed retrofit.		Flared pipe end	Flared pipe end, rip rap swale	Stone headwall, flared end, rip rap swale
Condition	Excellent	Fair			Fair	Fair
Pipe Material	Conc.	Corrugat ed Metal	Ν̈́Α	Conc.	CO CO CO	Conc.
(in)	-36	-24		•	91	20
GPS W	72.4509	72.4517	72.4518		72,4588	72.4605
SPS N	41.8646	41.8649	41.8649		41.8649	41.8650
Nearest Street	Brooklyn St.	West Main St.	West Main St.	West Main	West Main St.	West Main St.
# 0	VR010	VR011	VR012	VR013	VR014	VR015

Priority	Low	Moderate	Low	Moderate	Low
Feasibility	High	High	- E	High	High
Access	High	High	High	High	High
Retrofit / BMP	Outlet protection : flared pipe fitting or a circle of rip rap to act as a detention poof.	Outlet protection : energy dissipatin g steps or rip rap under 3' dropoff	Outlet protection : circle of rip rap to act as detention pool	Sump or Hydrodyn amic separator, Outlet protection	Constructi on of detention pool in inlet stream
Resource Degradation	8	8	Š	N _O	Yes
Issues / Concerns	Scour pool occurring at discharge, sediment collecting. No outlet protection. Bank is lined with concrete blocks (old bank stabilization measure?)	Needs outlet protection. Sediment visible around catch basin and at discharge point.	Scour pool behind concrete blocks. Sedimentation probable, although not visibe because pipe discharges directly into stream.	Some sedimentation and erosion. No catch basin means sediment discharges directly into stream.	Large amounts of sediment along inlet stream. Structure deteriorating.
Infrastructure Comments	Pipe made of clay. No other structures. Catch basins appear old and small (undersized?)	Headwall, flared end (slightly cracked on left side.) Large 3' dropoff after flare, no outlet protection. Outfall discharges water from the right side of Morrison Street Hill	Clay pipe. No other structures. Catch basins old, small, Many CB's along left side of Morrison St. Hill.	Plastic pipe. No CB associated, just a pipe leading to outfall.	Brick structure, possibly a culvert. Most likely mill architechture. Doublebarrelled. Falling apart near end. Connects to at least one CB.
Condition	Fair	Fair	Rair Fair	Fair	Poor
Pipe Material	Terra Cotta	Conc.	Terra	Plastic	Brick
Dia.	2	5	8	5	95
GPSW	72.4609	72.4611	72.4612	72.4632	72.4631
N September 1	41.8650	41.8650	41.8651	41.8659	41.8660
Nearest Street	River St.	River St.	River St.	West Main St.	Maple St.
# 0	VR016	VR017	VR018	VR019	VR020

A	o.						
Priority	Moderate	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low
Feasibilit y	High	High	High.	Low	Low	High	E E
Access	Moderate	High	High	Low	Low	High	High
Retrofit / BMP	Sump or Hydrodyn amic separator, Outlet protection			N/A	N/A		Outlet protection necessary . New catch basin may be necessary , or sump may need cleaning and maintena nce.
Resource Degradation	Yes	N _O	2	ON O	No	No.	Yes
Issues / Concerns	Large island of sediment directly underneath outfall, unclear whether sediment originates from pipe or stream blockage upstream.	Large amounts of sediment in front of infet pipe to outfall.		No outlet protection	No outlet protection		No oullet protection. Sediment in pipe and detta at outlet. Bank eroded away, exposing tree roots. Needs rip rap.
Infrastructure Comments	Pipe is cracked and broken. Built into retaining wall of bridge structure. Catch basin is old and undersized.	No catch basin, inlet contains pipe that discharges directly into stream. Outfall is obscured by vegetation.	Pipe is part of a bridge structure with retaining wall,	Concrete bridge- integrated pipe. 2' drop from pipe to stream level.	Concrete bridge- integrated pipe.		Concrete headwall / pipe combo.
Conditi	Poor	Unknow	Fair	<u>.</u>	Fa	Unknow	Fair
Pipe Material	Terra	Terra	Conc.	Сопс.	Conc.	Unknow	Conc
를 (미)	12	2	15	16	16	Unkno	22
GPS W	72.4616	72.4616	72.4646	72.4647	72.4648	72.4798	72.4879
GPSN	41.8652	41.8653	41.8665	41.8665	41.8666	41.8662	41.8503
Nearest Street	River St.	West Main St.	River St.	West St.	West St.	Franklin St.	Dart Hill Rd.
# 0	VR021	VR022	VR023	VR024	VR025	VR026	VR027

At.				quantiermaniin delevidide makeen siadilier veliter vilaminiander franciscus e d 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Priority	Low	Low	Low	Low	Law
Feasibility	High	High G	High	High	High
Access	H.	Moderate	High	High	High
Retrofit / BMP	Outlet protectio n necessa ry (rip rap)	Catch basin mainten mainten Hydrody namic separato r, line small stream with rip	Hydrody namic separato r, line small stream with rip rap	Pipe mainten ance	N/A
Resource	Yes	Yes	Yes	8	8
Issues / Concerns	No outlet protection. Small amount of erosion,	Large amounts of sediment at discharge focation. Small winding stream catches sediment, but some still reaches stream. Takes drainage from industrial park which is privately owned and sanded.	Large amounts of sediment and erosion of the banks of the discharge stream. Needs more outfall protection, discharges a large amount of water.	Difficult to determine sedimentation and trash due as the discharge is in equilibrium with the Hockanum.	Area of sediment at mouth of the outfall. Drains majority of adjacent apartment complex's southern parking lots. No major problems.
Infrastructure Comments	Metal pipe degrading and may need replacement. Discharges directly into stream. Paved swale adjacent to OF	Standard concrete pipe in fair condition	Concrete headwall- integrated pipe. Splash pad underneath outfall, but undersized and ineffective. Rip rap scattered	Pipe has become disjointed, now in two segments.	Flared end. Pipe drains into vegetated wetland area about 300-400 feet from the Hockanum.
Condition	Poor	Fair	F F	Poor	Fair
Pipe Material	Corrugat ed Metal	Conc.	Conc.	Conc.	Conc.
(in)	-30	-24	43	12	36
GPSW	72.4884	72,4935	72.4902	72.488	72.4867
SPS N	41.8503	41.8412	41.8593	41.8549	41.8558
Nearest Street	Dart Hill Rd.	Naek Řď.	Wolcott	Neill / Barbara Rd.	Countrywo od at Vernon Apartment s
*	VR028	VR029	VR030	VR031	VR032

No. of the					
Priority	Low	Low	High	High	Low
Feasibility	High	High	High	High	Hg.
Access	High	High	High	High	High
Retrofit / BMP	Pipe excavatio n	Pipe excavatio n, rip rap detention area	Hydrodyn amic Separator , grass- lined swale	Character ize pollutant load, bank stabilizati on	NA
Resource Degradation	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	N _O
Issues / Concerns	Outfall empties into small stream coming from dammed pond. Two swales (one intentional) emptying into pond.	Heavily sedimentated. Outfall opens to a delta of sediment.	Outfall completely choked with sediment. 40' discharge stream to Hockanum is full of large amounts of road sediment. Water is unable to discharge from the pipe. Sediment 2.5' deep in some places.	Banks of large plunge pool undergoing severe erosion. Sedimentation minimal. Banks appear to be a built-up bern, but are being eroded away.	Outfall appears new and to be functioning properly.
infrastructure Comments	Flared end. Pipe is slightly buried by sediment. Discharge once lined with rip rap which has now also become buried.	Flared end. Catch basin is covered with debris, impeding water flow.	Pipe itself in fair condition.	Pipe is in fair condition. Rip rap detention structure needs to be rebuilt.	Flared concrete pipe with 25'+ grass swale leading to Hockanum.
Condition	Fair	Fair	Fair	Fair	Fair
Pipe Material	Conc.	Conc.	Conc.	Conc.	Conc.
Dia, (In)	5	20	~20	54	25
GPS W	72.4873	72.4888	72.4888	72.4977	72.4932
GPS N	41.8565	41.8573	41.8584	41.8288	41.8423
Nearest Street	Countrywo od at Vernon Apartment S	Countrywo od at Vernon Apartment s	Countrywo od at Vernon Apartment s	Tri-City Piaza	Hockanum Boulevard
# Q	VR033	VR034	VR035	VR036	VR037

Priority	Low	Low	Low	High	Low
Feasibility	High	High	High	High Pi	High
Access	High	High	High	High	High
Retrofit / BMP	Pipe mainten ance / outfall protectio n	New pipe installati on	New pipe installati on	Charact erize pollutant load, bank stabilizat ion	N/A
Resource	9	oN S	Q.	Yes	2
issues / Concerns	Outfall is not in good condition but appears to be functioning well. Difficult to determine amount of sediment and trash discharge as it discharges directly into the stream.	Unable to find a concrete pipe where Vernon's Engineering Department indicated there would be one. Assuming this is the pipe, it appears vastly undersized.	Unable to find a concrete pipe where Vernon's Engineering Department indicated there would be one. Assuming this is the pipe, it appears vastly undersized.	Large quantities of iron-leaching bacteria. Water is a blue-green color. Bacteria-laden rocks in plunge pool, appear "fuzzy". Oil-like sheen on surface of pool to the left of the OF.	No significant problems.
infrashucture Comments	Outfall is protected by cinderblocks that appear to be maintaining stability of the bank and catching trash / sediment. Bank is lined with concrete slabs.	Small pipe protruding from bank. Elevated about three feet above the stream.	Small pipe protruding from bank. Elevated about three feet above the stream.	Large pipe from direction of Tri-City Plaza. Discharging. Banks of plunge pool are eroding. Some sediment.	Pipe discharges directly into stream above stream level, but has rip rap protection.
Condition	Fair	я r	Ē.	Fair	Fair
Pipe Material	Con	PVC	PVC	Солс.	Conc.
(h)	\$	ro ro	i io	-36	Ξ
GPS W	72.5018	72.5013	72.5014	72.5005	72.4967
OPSIN	41.8261	41.8271	41.8272	41.8282	41.8324
Nearest Street	Vemon	Vemon	Vernon Village	Behind Tri- City Plaza	Sunset Ter.
# 0	VR038	VR039	VR040	VR041	VR042

		derenanderendelikerederbehilderene verhier voor er auserleerdeling	versionisedeniale side-tribunalities (III - III		agger - red-redering glove-global gregometrige has makendering at the endeline or several distinction representation of	
Priority	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low
Feasibility	High	High	High	High	High	High
Access	High	High	High	High		High
Retrofit / BMP	Outlet protectio n: energy dissipati ng steps or rip	New CB	New CB Hydrody namic separato r	Rip rap for sedimen t capture/r etention	Detention Pool / Ditch modified into function all sedimen t control structure	Rip rap / other sedimen t control measure
Resource	ON.	Yes	Yes	\ es	Yes	Yes
issues / Concerns	No outlet protection.	Sediment present at mouth of outfall. No CB means road sediment from Hayes Drive discharging directly out pipe with no control measure.	Banks of small inlet stream (dry) are eroding. Fallen branches are keeping sediment contained, but sediment is visible throughout length of stream.	Despite being buried, outfall appears to be functioning property.	Large pipe empties into "detention pool", not designed as such. Access road alongside infet stream. Sedimentation evident downstream, large deposits at bends.	Large amounts of trash (plastic bags, tires), sedimentation. Erosion around the mouth of the outfall.
Infrastructure Comments	Pipe discharges directly into stream above stream level with no outlet protection	Flared end. Pipe takes drainage from Skinner Road School. No CB on street, continuation of pipe.	Headwall-integrated pipe. Pipe takes drainage from Skinner Road School	Headwall-integrated pipe. Only half of the outfall is visible, the rest is buried in sediment.	Pipe is in fair condition.	Partial headwall structure in fair/poor condition
Condition		ra i	ត។ rins	Fair	1	Fair
Pipe Material	Corrugat ed Metal	Conc.	Conc.	Conc.	Conc.	Conc.
(F)	<u>ر</u> ت	-48	24	-28	-36	-28
GPS W	72.4969	72.4892	72.4903	72.4889	72.4895	72.4879
Nigo	41.8324	41.8566	41.8572	41.8639	41.8649	41.8541
Nearest Street	Sunset Ter.	Hayes Dr.	Hayes Dr.	Gerald Dr.	Gerald Dr.	Neill Rd.
#	VR043	VR044	VR045	VR046	VR047	VR048

Priority	Low	Low	Low	Moderate
Feasiblity	High	High	High	High
Access	High	High	High	High
Retrofit / BMP	Pipe cleaning / excavatio n	Detention Pool / Ditch modified into functional sediment control structure	Bank stabilizatio n	Complete reconstruction of corner of parking lot. New, larger capacity CB and piping, slope stabilization, trash removal, parking lot reconstruction.
Resource Degradation	Yes	N _O	Yes	Yes
Issues / Concerns	Pipe is at least half full of sediment, impeding discharge flow. Sediment is in bars where land flattens, and in large amounts.	Similar situation as VR047. Pipe discharging into small stream acting as a detention area. Water pooling throughout, may be at equilibrium with Hockanum. Large quantities of sediment filling "basin", erosion of banks.	Erosion present but minimal, banks of outlet stream eroding. Erosion increases downstream. Stream empties onto floodplain of Hockanum Marsh area.	ELIMINATED IN 2018 Erosion, garbage, invasive plants. System no longer functioning properly. Sediment being carried down the slope and into small stream that emplies into Hockanum
Infrastructure Comments	Pipe obscured by sediment	Headwall-integrated pipe in fair condition. Culvert entering side of "basin", culvert for draining adjacent above-ground pool directly into stream / Hock	Headwall-integrated pipe in fair condition.	Water sheets from parking lot into the area and cascades down steep slope, carrying sediment, garbage, and vegetation. Catastrophic failure.
Condition	Fair	Fair.	Fair	Poor
Pipe Material	Conc.	Conc.	Conc.	N/A
Dia (m)	-18	-36	18	NA
W S45	72.4879	72.4899	72.4894	72.4957
SPS N	41.8525	41.8608	41.8647	41.8316
Nearest Street	Lawer Rd.	Gerald Dr.	Gerald Dr.	Talcottville Rd.
# 0	VR049	VR050	VR051	VR052

15 100 100 1				
Priority	Low	Low	Low	Low
Feasibility	High	High	High	High
Access	High	Hg.	High	Hg.
Retrofit/ BMP	Reattach energy spreader	N/A	N/A	NA
Resource Degradation	Š	2	N _O	Yes
Issues / Concerns	Minimal sedimentation and erosion, outfall appears to be functioning properly,	Functioning property	Functioning properly	Evidence of outlet channel overflowing, some sedimentation
Infrastructure Comments	Pipe once had a metal energy spreader attached, now detached.	Part of detention basin system. Functioning properly	Part of detention basin system, Functioning property	Unknown where the discharged water comes from. Water is at equilibrium but flowing.
Condition	Fair	Fair	Fair	ra ie
Pipe Material	Metal	Plastic	Conc.	Conc.
Dia:	8.	48+	-28	-24
GPS W	72.4963	72.4924	72.4973	72.5021
SPS	41.8310	41.8470	41.8366	41.8246
Nearest Street	Talcottville Rd.	Quail Crossing	Hockanum Boulevard	Kelly Rd.
#0	VR053	VR054	VR055	VR056